

Welcome to the GOMO Community Workshop





Global Ocean Monitoring and Observing Program

David M Legler, Director GOMO Community Workshop July 25, 2023



GLOBAL OCEAN OBSERVING SYSTEM



Today

86 countries
8700 + observing
platforms
170 satellites
13 global networks

GOMO is the leading ocean in-situ observing program

"Weather forecasting systems will run off the rails if they don't have the surface pressure information over the ocean" - Lars Peter Riishojgaard, Director of the Earth System Branch WMO



GOMO MISSION (2021 - 2025)

To provide and support high quality global ocean observations and research to improve our scientific understanding and inform society about the ocean's role in environmental change.





VISION

A resilient, innovative, and fully integrated global ocean observing system that benefits scientific research, environmental stewardship, and serves society.



Arctic System Forecasts, Assessments



Scientific Research



Weather, Climate, Ocean Forecasts



Global Ocean Data: Foundation for Key Knowledge, Products, and Services





HIGHLIGHTS - MARINE HEATWAVES

\Xi 🕼 World Africa Americas Asia Australia China Europe India Middle East United Kingdom

The North Atlantic is experiencing a 'totally unprecedented' marine heat wave



By Laura Paddison, CNN Updated 5:44 PM EDT, Tue June 20, 2023

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How Marine Heat Waves Affect the Ocean - And What Can Be Done

As we enter El Niño, periods of surging temperatures at sea are predicted to grow more frequent and intense.



HIGHLIGHTS - MARINE HEATWAVES





HIGHLIGHTS - MARINE HEATWAVES



THE GLOBAL OCEAN CARBON NETWORK provides **long-term observations** of carbon from the **sea surface** to the **ocean interior** on a range of **spatial** and **temporal scales** and a **variety of platforms**

- ★ Quantify ocean sink and storage → GO-SHIP Repeat Hydrographic / CO₂ / Tracer Surveys
- ★ Variability in surface fluxes \rightarrow Surface water pCO₂ from Ships and Moorings
- ★ Data analysis and product development → Global Carbon Data Management and Synthesis Project

Total ~\$5M AOML, PMEL, GML, NCEI, UW/CICOES, UMiami/CIMAS, SIO/CIMEAS, CU, BIOS + ~30 International partners



HIGHLIGHTS - OCEAN CARBON



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Department of Commerce | National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

OCEAN CARBON OPPORTUNITIES



SOCONET

- ★ Expand global observations of air-sea CO₂ fluxes
- ★ Enable countries to assess progress towards achieving the long-term goals of the Paris Climate Agreement.
- ★ Links to NOAA's <u>Global</u> <u>Greenhouse Gas Reference</u> <u>Network</u>.





Bio GO-SHIP

- Quantify the impact of biological processes on the carbon, oxygen and nutrient cycles
- ★ Characterize the distribution of global biodiversity

Supported by GOMO, OER, NASA

Strategy for NOAA Carbon Dioxide Removal Research A White Paper documenting a potential Roda Othe School Strategy as an element of Roda Othe School Strategy as an element of Roda Other Intervention Portions (Roda Other Intervention Portions)

Marine Carbon Dioxide Removal

- ★ Maintain GOMO's ocean carbon baseline observations
- ★ Develop the next generation of in situ ocean sensors and autonomous platforms
- ★ Evolve physical & BGC obs to include co-located biological measurements

Partners: GOMO, OAP, IOOS, NSF, DOE, DON, ClimateWorks



HIGHLIGHTS-ENSO

- Western wind anomalies set off downwelling Kelvin waves->subsurface warming in central/east Pacific...
- Coastal warming signal now evident
- El Niño Predicted...

What is happening at Stratus mooring?



Stratus ORS

HIGHLIGHTS-ENSO

Abrupt shift in several surface parameters

 Why? What supports freshening as well as cooling in evaporative regime off northern Chile during La Niña?

CMIP Models still showing significant biases compared to in-situ buoys over 20 years of data



HIGHLIGHTS - HURRICANES



Working to define and address NOAA priorities to enhance the integration of ocean observations



Sponsoring advancements in hurricane observing technologies & ocean data assimilation



Fostering international partnerships through the GOOS Observing Co-Design Programme



HIGHLIGHTS - CHAOS Experiment

Unfunded program → **\$2M** allocated from the FY22 Disaster Relief Supplemental Act (DRSA) to support **CHAOS**

- Supporting a focused ocean-atmosphere observing experiment this 2023 hurricane season
- 8 funded projects
- 7 early career scientists as lead or co-investigators

CHAOS: <u>C</u>oordinated <u>H</u>urricane <u>A</u>tmosphere-<u>O</u>cean <u>S</u>ampling



Credit: NOAA PMEL

COMMUNICATIONS

In the past year:

- \rightarrow Transitioned website to WordPress
- → Hired two Knauss Fellows who are both 50% communications focused
- \rightarrow Increased capacity to report news:
 - 12 news stories since Jan. 2023; notably more feature stories and more @NOAAResearch social media shares than in the past
 - 28 Hot Items in the Weekly Report for NOAA Senior Managers since Jan. 2023
- → Released the video, <u>"The Evolution of the Global Ocean</u> <u>Observing System</u>", which was shared to NOAA.gov for Earth Day
- \rightarrow Published 88 <u>Funded Projects</u> to the GOMO website:

Department of Commerce | National Oceanic and Atmost



U.S. Ambassador to Iceland Visits NOAA Ship Ronald H. Brown After 55-day GO-SHIP Cruise Docks in Reykjavik

After 55 days at see and a successful reoccupation of 150 obsen stations as a part of GDMD oversees the stort, growth, and transfer of a successful leadership troining program The Women in Sciences Leadership Workshop was held April 12-13, 2023 at the University of Araban. The tworksy workshop hosted 50

2023 Women in Sciences

Leadership Workshop

Through the SEREAD educational program, Argo's mission to help understand the operation role in the earth's olimate is shared across persentions. On the bland of Mannala of the

Ocean Observing Tech Enhances

Climate Education in the Cook

Islands



Funded Projects globaloc

globalocean.noaa.gov/funded-projects

The Global Ocean Monitoring and Observing Program funds research projects that improve our understanding of the global ocean. We work with researchers at NOAA's programs and labs, such as the Atlantic Oceanographic and Meteorological Laboratory (AOML) and the Pacific Marine Environmental Laboratory (PMEL), as well as researchers from institutions across the country. Learn more about the variety of research we fund from the tropics to the Arctic in the table below.

* These projects received funding from the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act)

** These projects received funding from the Disaster Relief Supplemental Act

Show 25 v entries

Fiscal Year (FY) ▼	Project Name 🔺	Principal Investigator(s)	Affiliation(s)	Category 🔺
FY23	Building Capacity and Advancing The Next Generation of Tropical Cyclone Scientists	Travis Miles	Rutgers University	Extreme Events
FY23	Early Career Ocean Professional (ECOP) participation in Observing Air-Sea Interactions Strategy (OASIS) UN Ocean Decade activities	Meghan Cronin, Nick Rome	NOAA PMEL, UCAR Center for Ocean Leadership	Coordination & Leadership
FY23	** Next Generation Autonomous Underwater Glider for Sustained Ocean Monitoring Along the US East Coast	Robert Todd	Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution	Extreme Events
FY23	Arctic Air	Calvin Mordy, Jiaxu Zhang	CICOES / University of Washington	Technology Development
FY22 & FY23	* Enhancing the OneArgo Infrastructure	Susan Wijiffels	Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution	Ocean & Climate
FY22 & FY23	* BIL Support for Improving the U.S. Argo Program for Global Ocean Observations	Alison Gray	University of Washington	Ocean & Climate

GOMO IMPACT MEASURE

GOMO data are a key foundation of ocean and marine science



NEW TEAM MEMBERS & ROLES



Alyse Larkin Carbon Observing and Sea Level Program Manager



Cynthia Garcia Arctic Program Manager



Sandy Lucas Arctic Research Program Director



NEW TEAM MEMBERS & ROLES



Jesse Gwinn Sea Grant Knauss Fellow South Pacific Observing & Communications



Sarah Tucker Sea Grant Knauss Fellow Arctic & Communications



Diego Rivera Holling Scholar 2023 University of Florida



Kelli Ong EPP/MSI Scholar 2023 UC Santa Cruz



GOMO's INCREASED DIVERSITY









GOMO BUDGET

GOMO Fiscal Years 2019-2023



FY20 (+\$2M): Increases across the portfolio; Argo, Oceansites, COVID

- FY21 (+\$0.4M): Iridium cost
- FY22 (+3M): Iridium and supplementals
- FY23 (+4M): Increases across the portfolio; ship



FY22-23 FUNDING HIGHLIGHTS

- Increased ship time costs: \$1.5M-FY22, \$1.9M-FY23
- Supplementals
 - Disaster Supplemental: CHAOS Experiment \$2M (1-time funding)
 - Infrastructure (IIJA/BIL): \$5.7M for FY22+FY23
 - \$2.5M Tropical Moored Buoy Array replenishment
 - \$2.2M Argo
 - \$1.0M Other mooring hardware
- FY23 GOMO Strategic Initiatives focusing on Innovation, UN Decade Activities, DEIA \$500K
 - Hurricanes: Early Career Scientists support
 - Pilot activity to move real-time data into the cloud
 - Arctic ocean monitoring
 - Support for indigenous community engagement (eg micro grants, etc)
 - Education and outreach



FY24 OUTLOOK

- Ron Brown off-line for mid-life repair
 - GOMO, and NOAA labs contributing costs for replacement charters
 - Amount still TBD (\$\$\$)
- Infrastructure/BIL funding anticipated to continue
- Overall Congress is unlikely to provide increases
 - Senate mark: GOMO unchanged from FY23
 - House mark



GOMO REVIEW AND NEEDED CHANGE

Impressive work, extremely important, impactful, internationally recognized leadership

- Change is needed for GOMO to realize its full PROGRAM potential
- Clarify and strengthen GOMO's identity
- New organizational model prioritize
- More stakeholder input
- Pursue partnerships (eg private sector)
- Data activities!

GOMO is committed to change...

Department of Commerce | National Oc







DIALOGUES WITH INDUSTRY

The Dialogues

- Facilitate dialogue between government, science and industry across the value chain
- Lower barriers and increase opportunity for private sector engagement and partnership
- Actionable recommendations for GOOS, government, science, and industry to act on
- 4 Sessions: Sep 2022 Feb 2023

Opportunity to expand observing capacity, increase efficiency, and support blue economy

Instrument provision

Supply and development of sensors and platforms

Multi-sectoral ocean architecture

Integrating new observing networks and business models

User driven ocean information services

Core and downstream services

Looking ahead New technology for the Ocean Decade



DIALOGUES WITH INDUSTRY

Focus Areas	1	Societal/	3	4
	Improving the	Governmental	Collaboration to	Market elements
	market	change	grow	shaping the future
Categories	 Market visibility Aggregation of demand Rethinking risk to accelerate growth Bringing in new actors 	 Data as an asset and mission as a service Change perception of ocean information 	 Standards Intermediaries Public/Private data access Blue tech clusters, incubator and accelerators 	 Workforce Technology transfer Emerging technology rs,

38 recommended next steps Which are most important to the GOMO community?



Notice of Funding Opportunity Ocean-based Climate Resilience Accelerators

National Ocean Service, NOAA

1 101



 https://ioos.noaa.gov/about/governance-and-m anagement/inflation-reduction-act/accelerators/

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The Opportunity: Ocean-Based Climate Resilience Accelerators

What. NOAA will provide a combined total of \$60M in funding over the course of approximately 5 years to accelerator entities that will use that funding to develop and provide business accelerator services to start-ups and small businesses in multiple defined "theme areas".

Why. To promote the climate resilience of the U.S. by addressing critical needs associated with ocean resources and coastal communities.

How. Selected accelerators will develop and implement programming to assist entrepreneurs and small businesses as they advance technologies and sustainable business models supporting key, identified theme areas related to emerging ocean and coastal-related topics.

THEME AREAS



Ocean Renewable Energy



Coastal and ocean-based carbon sequestration monitoring and accounting



Hazard mitigation and coastal resilience



Ecosystem services management



- Share recent accomplishments, discuss opportunities for further improvement, and identify solutions to challenges;
- Discuss and gather input on GOMO's 2022 Program Review
- Identify ways to advance diversity, equity, and inclusion;
- Strengthen connections and collaborations within our community and identify new opportunities to engage more broadly;
- Develop messages to raise the visibility of GOMO's work



























Sea Grant Fellows (8)







Extra slides to consider



NOAA's Technical Assistance

NOAA will provide technical assistance and support to the accelerator entities throughout the process to ensure that the program design aligns with the identified goals and objectives by:

- Providing access to NOAA's network of place-based partners that are already working on products and services in the four theme areas and that can help identify market opportunities.
- Using regular and structured dialogues, workshops, and events with scientists, technologists, and the accelerator entities to provide the accelerator entities a mechanism to clarify needs that address the climate resilience themes.

NOAA's NETWORK OF PLACE-BASED PARTNERS INCLUDES:

- Regional Ocean Partnerships
- Integrated Ocean Observing System Regional Associations
- National Marine Sanctuaries
- National Estuarine Research Reserves
- Coastal Zone Management programs
- Sea Grant College Programs
- NOAA and state-based Regional Climate Service Providers
- NOAA Laboratories, Science Centers, and Cooperative Institutes
- University-based Climate Adaptation Programs
- National Weather Service Coordination and service delivery networks

Access to

additional materials

WEBINAR

PURPOSE

AGENDA

To provide program-specific application guidance for NOFO applicants. Setting the stage with background information on NOAA and the NOFO About the Phase 1 and Phase 2 applications and awards Questions and answers



Phase 1: Proposal Design

Focus: Identifying potential accelerator entities and funding them to design accelerator programming

Key content.

- Describe the applicant's existing and planned resources, including climate resilience expertise. Resources and expertise may exist as part of the accelerator entity, current partners, or new proposed partnerships.
- Include a description of how the Phase 1 award funds will be spent and a timeline for the development of an accelerator program design including key design milestones.
- Include a plan for how the Accelerator entity will advance diversity, equity, inclusion, justice, and accessibility.
- Describe current and proposed partner's role and commitment to economic growth in the selected climate resilience theme area(s).

PROPOSAL CONTENT

- 1. Title Page
- 2. Project Summary
- 3. Project Narrative (up to 5 pages)
- 4. Standard SF-424A Budget Form with budget for each fiscal year of the proposal
- 5. Detailed Budget Narrative (See <u>here</u> for more information)
- 6. Diversity, equity, inclusion, justice, and accessibility plan
- 7. Appendices
 - a. Supporting materials
 - b. Resumes
 - c. CD-511 Certification Regarding Lobbying.
 - d. SF-424B Assurances -Non-Construction Programs



GOMO Moored Time Series (OceanSITES)

Assessing and benchmarking reanalyses and climate models

Trade wind sites:

At the surface – models underestimate heat into ocean

At the surface – models have SST biases

Deep – new time series allow checking model deep





Deep ocean temperature – near bottom, models and reanalyses





20-year mean heat fluxes – atmospheric

CMIP6



GOMO Moored Time Series (OceanSITES)

Monitoring climate variability, quantifying processes



Coincident accurate surface meteorology and observations of ocean temperature, salinity, velocity, dissolved oxygen.

Provide:

Accurate air-sea fluxes Quantification of one- dimensional ocean processes Tracking interannual variability

Investigating:

What supports freshening as well as cooling in evaporative regime off northern Chile during La Niña

Anomalies (departures from

long-term mean annual cycle) at





Well-instrumented surface mooring, deployed first in 2000, annual refresh,





United Nations Decade of Ocean Science for Sustainable Development

Ocean Observing - a Foundation for Sustainable Development

David Legler | Director, Global Ocean Monitoring & Observing, National Oceanic & Atmospheric Administration Sabrina Speich | Professor, Physical Oceanography & Climate Sciences, Institut Pierre-Simon Laplace Emma Heslop | Acting Director, Global Ocean Observing System, IOC-UNESCO Ann-Christine Zinkann | NOAA / UCAR

Andrea McCurdy | COL / NASA Mairéad O'Donovan | GOOS, IOC-UNESCO





...if we don't have the ocean observations underpinning our decisions, we might as well be guessing at solutions



- OCEAN DRIVEN IMPACTS ON SOCIETY





Sufficient to address accelerating climate impacts and societal needs?

Historical OMAO Allocation Data (FY2014-FY2021)



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- Decreased OMAO support, decreased allocation to GOMO mission
- FY22 (FY23), GOMO paid > \$1M (\$1.5M) ship time (+ anticipated lost equipment)
- GOMO partnerships provide > 200 days of ship time each year to deploy/maintain NOAA buoys and regional ocean research
 - Foreign countries provide more ship time than NOAA to service our assets
- OMAO performance issues plague allocated time on NOAA ships Department of Commerce | National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

GOMO 2021-2025 STRATEGIC GOALS



GOAL 1

Sustain global ocean monitoring and observing for long-term continuity and <u>improve data</u> <u>quality and system</u> <u>efficiency</u>.



GOAL 2

Innovate & evolve the ocean observing network to address emerging needs & opportunities for ocean health, ocean economy, weather & climate.



GOAL 3

Improve the value, accessibility, and usability of observational data for informed decision-making.



GOAL 4

<u>Develop</u> and capitalize on the <u>expertise</u> and <u>capacity</u> of the ocean observing enterprise.



GOMO 2021-2025 STRATEGIC GOALS



- Areas of emphasis include tropical Pacific, Arctic, biogeochemistry, boundary-current regions
- GOMO goals and objectives address current and emerging challenges of great societal interest, e.g. ocean carbon, hurricanes, marine heat waves, Arctic sea ice/ecosystems, etc
- Performance measures (outputs and impacts) assess impacts within and external to the program
- Improving integration along the value-chain (e.g. through co-development) is an overarching need
- An Arctic Strategy document is in preparation to provide more specifics for those activities



OAR's STRATEGY 2020-2026

VISION: *Deliver NOAA's Future.* Conduct and deliver world-class science dedicated to the NOAA mission of science, service, and stewardship.

MISSION: Research, Develop, Transition. Conduct research to understand and predict the Earth system; develop technology to improve NOAA science, service, and stewardship; and transition the results so they are useful to society.

GOALS:

1. Explore the Marine Environment

Increase knowledge of the oceans, coastal areas, and Great Lakes to support resource management and public awareness.

2. Detect Changes in the Ocean and Atmosphere

Produce, analyze, and interpret observation records to understand the Earth system and inform the public.

VALUES: -Commit to Diversity

- -Explore to Solve
- -Uphold Scientific Integrity

-Engage from Local to Global



https://research.noaa.gov /External-Affairs/Strategy #

3. Make Forecasts Better

Improve accuracy, precision, and efficiency of forecasts and predictions to save lives and property and support a vibrant economy.

4. Drive Innovative Science

Cultivate and deliver mission-relevant research to lead the environmental science community.



NOAA Weather, Water and Climate Strategy FY 2023-2027





NOAA Priorities

Science, Service and Stewardship

Climate

Establish that NOAA is the <u>authoritative source</u> for climate products and services that can be applied to a diverse range of missions.

Balance

Advance NOAA's complementary work on <u>environmental stewardship</u> <u>and economic development</u> with a particular focus on the New Blue Economy.

Equity

Exhibit equity in how we build and provide services. Within NOAA, we will promote diversity, equity, inclusion and accessibility in the workforce. Externally, we will provide equitable access to our products and services.





Develop and Deliver Climate Products and Services



Economic Development



Equity & Workforce







White House Priorities: protecting public health and the environment, building resilience to climate change, advancing social justice, and creating jobs.

NOAA Priorities (TBD by new NOAA leadership). *Early indications:*

- Develop/deliver climate products/services
- Economic development (blue economy)
- Equity and diversity



OAR STRATEGY

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Conduct research to understand and predict the Earth system; develop technology to improve NOAA science, service, and stewardship; and transition the results so they are useful to society. VALUES Commit to Diversity Explore to Solve Uphold Scientific Integrity Engage from Local to Global

2020-26

GOALS:



SUSTAINABILITY VS INNOVATION

- Sustainability and innovation are challenging to manage
- Arctic research and observing is especially vulnerable and insufficiently funded
- New innovative projects started, and innovation is evident across the program
- Through review process, multiple ocean time series sites have been stopped
- Without action, more reductions on the way...



NOAA's FY22-26 Strategic Goals

BUILD A CLIMATE READY NATION

Building a Climate Ready Nation by establishing NOAA as the primary federal authoritative provider of climate information and services in the whole-of-government response to tackling the climate crisis





Integrating equity into our core operations



Promoting economic development while maintaining environmental stewardship with a focus on advancing the New Blue Economy.



